

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 10 OREGON OPERATIONS OFFICE

805 SW Broadway, Suite 500 Portland, Oregon 97205

January 6, 2010

Mr. Robert Wyatt Northwest Natural & Chairman, Lower Willamette Group 220 Northwest Second Avenue Portland, Oregon 97209

Re: Portland Harbor Superfund Site; Administrative Order on Consent for Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study; Docket No. CERCLA-10-2001-0240 – EPA's Preliminary Identification of ARARS at the Portland Harbor Site for Development of the Feasibility Study

Dear Mr. Wyatt:

This letter provides EPA's current list of potential applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs) for the Portland Harbor Superfund Site. Based on information presented in the draft Remedial Investigation (RI) Report and the draft baseline human health and ecological risk assessments, EPA has updated and refined the list of state and federal standards and requirements that the Portland Harbor cleanup will likely need to meet. Enclosure 1 to this letter presents the comprehensive list of federal and state standards that EPA has determined are ARARs or likely will be ARARs for one or more remedial alternatives analyzed in the feasibility study. EPA expects that the ARARs presented in Enclosure 1 will be used in the development, screening and detailed evaluation of remedial action alternatives in the draft feasibility study (FS) for the Portland Harbor Site.

In developing the current list of ARARs, EPA has considered the remedial investigation and risk assessment information discussed above, and the following documents:

- 1. Portland Harbor RI/FS Programmatic Work Plan dated April 23, 2004;
- 2. EPA's letter to the Lower Willamette Group regarding application of Safe Drinking Water Act Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) dated September 27, 2005;
- 3. Two background documents developed by the Lower Willamette Group (LWG) on application of Oregon Water Quality Standards dated July 2, 2008 and the Weight to be Given to Attaining MCLs in Portland Harbor dated September 4, 2008;
- 4. The table of potential ARARs developed by the Lower Willamette Group dated March 19, 2009;
- 5. The State of Oregon's June 12, 2009 response to EPA's April 10, 2009 request for the identification of ARARs;

6. EPA's direction on remedial action objectives for the Portland Harbor site dated September 30, 2009; and

7. The LWGs October 7, 2009 response to EPA's direction on RAOs.

Additionally, we considered other information discussed in various meetings between EPA and the LWG on the topic of ARARs including, but not limited to meetings that took place on April 13, 2009, September 8, 2009 and September 25, 2009.

As more specifics are developed about the remedial alternatives that will be analyzed in the FS, further refinement of the specific standards or requirements listed in Enclosure 1 will need to occur and other laws and regulations may be identified. For example, if an on-site upland disposal site for dredged materials is considered, more specific requirements for siting, construction or operation of a landfill or other groundwater protection requirements will need to be identified under federal and state solid waste regulations. Likewise, if any alternative includes on-site treatment of RCRA characteristic or listed waste, additional RCRA (federal and state) and possibly Clean Air Act requirements will need to be identified. New federal or state laws or regulations promulgated prior to issuing the ROD could also add or change the ARARs for the site.

With the information enclosed with this letter, the LWG can proceed with the Feasibility Study with most if not all of the key ARARs that may impact, implementability, protectiveness, and cost of the remedial alternatives.

Sincerely.

Chip Humphrey Eric Blischke

Remedial Project Managers

cc: Greg Ulirsch, ATSDR Rob Neely, NOAA

Ted Buerger, US Fish and Wildlife Service

Preston Sleeger, Department of Interior

Jim Anderson, DEQ

Kurt Burkholder, Oregon DOJ

David Farrer, Oregon Environmental Health Assessment Program

Rick Keppler, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife

Michael Karnosh, Confederated Tribes of Grand Ronde

Tom Downey, Confederated Tribes of Siletz

Audie Huber, Confederated Tribes of Umatilla

Brian Cunninghame, Confederated Tribes of Warm Springs

Erin Madden, Nez Perce Tribe

Rose Longoria, Confederated Tribes of Yakama Nation.

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
Federal ARARs			
Clean Water Act, Section 404 and Section 404(b)(1) Guidelines	33 USC 1344 40 CFR Part 230	Regulates discharge of dredged and fill material into navigable waters of the United States.	Action-specific. Applicable to dredging, covering, capping, and designation and construction of in-water disposal sites and in-water filling activities in the Willamette River.
Clean Water Act,	33 USC 1313, 1314 Most recent 304(a) list, as updated up to issuance of the ROD	Under Section 304(a), minimum criteria are developed for water quality programs established by states. Two kinds of water quality criteria are developed: one for protection of human health, and one for protection of aquatic life.	Relevant and appropriate for cleanup standards for surface water and contaminated groundwater discharging to surface water if more stringent than promulgated state criteria. Relevant and Appropriate to short-term impacts to surface water from implementation of the remedial action that result in a discharge to navigable water, such as dredging and capping if more stringent than promulgated state criteria.
Clean Water Act, Section 401	33 USC 1341 40 CFR Section 121.2(a)(3), (4) and (5)	Any federally authorized activity which may result in any discharge into navigable waters requires reasonable assurance that the action will comply with applicable provisions of sections 1311, 1312, 1313, 1316, and 1317 of the Clean Water Act.	Action-specific. Relevant and Appropriate to implementation of the remedial action that results in a discharge to the river if more stringent than state implementation regulations.
Clean Water Act, Section 402	33 USC 1342	Regulates discharges of pollutants from point sources to waters of the U.S., and requires compliance with the standards, limitations and regulations promulgated per Sections 301, 304, 306, 307, 308 of the CWA.	Relevant and Appropriate to remedial activities that result in a discharge of pollutants from point sources to the river if more stringent than state promulgated point source requirements.

 $Table\ 1-ARARs\ for\ Remedial\ Action\ at\ the\ Portland\ Harbor\ Superfund\ Site.$

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
Safe Drinking Water Act	42 USC 300f, 40 CFR Part 141, Subpart O, App. A. 40 CFR Part 143	Establishes national drinking water standards to protect human health from contaminants in drinking water	Chemical-specific Relevant and appropriate as a performance standard for groundwater and surface water which are potential drinking water sources.
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act	40 CFR 260, 261	Establishes identification standards and definitions for solid and hazardous waste, including when dredged material is exempt from the definition of a hazardous waste.	Action-specific. Applicable to characterizing wastes generated from the action and designated for off-site or upland disposal; potentially relevant and appropriate for use in identifying acceptance criteria for confined in-water disposal.
RCRA – Solid Waste	40 CFR 257 Subpart A		RCRA Solid Waste requirements may be relevant and appropriate to remedial actions that result in upland or in-water disposal of dredged material. Requirements for the management of solid waste landfills may be relevant and appropriate to upland disposal.
Hazardous Materials Transportation Act	49 USC § et seq. 40 CFR Parts 171-177		Hazardous Materials Transportation Act requirements are applicable to remedial actions that involve the transport of hazardous materials (i.e., dredged material)
Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act Requirements	16 USC 662, 663 50 CFR 6.302(g)	Requires federal agencies to consider effects on fish and wildlife from projects that may alter a body of water and mitigate or compensate for project-related losses, which includes discharges of pollutants to water bodies.	Action-specific. Potentially applicable to determining impacts and appropriate mitigation, if necessary, for effects on fish and wildlife from filling activities or discharges from point sources.

Page 2 of 10 1/6/2010

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act	50 CFR Part.600.920		Location-specific. Potentially applicable if the removal action may adversely affect EFH.
Federal Emergency Management Act	44 CFR 60.3(d)(2) and (3)		FEMA flood rise requirements are considered relevant and appropriate requirements for remedial actions.
River and Harbors Act		Section 10 prohibits the unauthorized obstruction or alteration of any navigable water. Structures or work in, above, or under navigable waters are regulated under Section 10.	Action-specific. Applicable requirements for how remedial actions are taken or constructed in the navigation channel.
Clean Air Act	42 USC §7401 <u>et seq.</u>		Action-specific. Applicable to remedial activities that generate air emissions.
Toxic Substances Control Act	15 USC §2601 et seq.		Chemical-specific. TSCA requirements are applicable to contaminated material or surface water with PCB contamination
Marine Mammal Protection Act	16 USC §1361 et seq. 50 CFR 216		Action-specific. Applicable to remedial actions that have the potential to affect marine mammals.
Migratory Bird Treaty Act	16 USC §703 50 CFR §10.12	Makes it unlawful to take any migratory bird. "Take" is defined as pursuing, hunting, shooting, poisoning, wounding, killing, capturing, trapping and collecting.	Action-specific. Applicable to remedial actions that have the potential to effect a taking of migratory birds.

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation		Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
National Historic Preservation Act	16 USC 470 <u>et seq</u> . CFR Part 800	36	Requires the identification of historic properties potentially affected by the agency undertaking, and assessment of the effects on the historic property and seek ways to avoid, minimize or mitigate such effects. Historic property is any district, site, building, structure, or object included in or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, including artifacts, records, and material remains related to such a property.	Action-specific. Potentially applicable if historic properties are potentially affected by remedial activities.
Archeological and Historic Preservation Act	16 USC 469a-1			Action-specific. Potentially applicable if historical and archeological data may be irreparably lost by implementation of the remedial activities.
Native American Graves Protection and Reparation Act	25 USC 3001-3013 43 CFR 10		and unassociated funerary items, sacred objects and objects of cultural patrimony) to compile an inventory of such items. Prescribes when such Federal agencies and museums must return Native American cultural items. "Museums" are defined as any institution or State or local government agency that	Location-specific; action-specific. If Native American cultural items are present on property belonging to the Oregon Division of State Lands (DSL) that is a part of the removal action area, this requirement is potentially applicable. If Native American cultural items are collected by an entity which is either a federal agency or museum, then the requirements of the law are potentially applicable.

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
Endangered Species Act	16 USC 1531 et seq. 50 CFR 17	agencies may not jeopardize the continued existence of endangered or threatened species or adversely	Action-specific. Applicable to remedial actions, that may adversely impact endangered or threatened species or critical
Executive Order for Wetlands Protection	Executive Order 11990 (1977) 40 CFR 6.302 (a) 40 CFR Part 6, App. A	Requires measures to avoid adversely impacting wetlands whenever possible, minimize wetland destruction, and preserve the value of wetlands.	Location-specific. Relevant and appropriate in assessing impacts to wetlands, if any, from the response action and for developing appropriate compensatory mitigation for the project.
Executive Order for Floodplain Management	Exec. Order 11988 (1977) 40 CFR Part 6, App. A 40 CFR 6.302 (b)	Requirements for Flood Plain Management Regulations Areas Requires measures to reduce the risk of flood loss, minimize impact of floods, and restore and preserve the natural and beneficial values of floodplains.	Location-specific. Relevant and appropriate for assessing impacts, if any, to the floodplain and flood storage from the response action and developing compensatory
National Flood Insurance Act and Flood Disaster Protection Act	42 USC 4001 et seq. 44 CFR National Flood Insurance Program Subpart A		mitigation that is beneficial to floodplain values.

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
State ARARs			
Oregon Environmental Cleanup Law ORS 465.315.	Oregon Hazardous Substance Remedial Action Rules OAR 340-122-0040(2)(a) and (c), 0115(3),(32) and (51).	Sets standards for degree of cleanup required, including for oil and other petroleum products/wastes. Establishes acceptable risk levels for human health at 1×10^{-6} for individual carcinogens, 1×10^{-5} for multiple carcinogens, and Hazard Index of 1 for non-carcinogens; and protection of ecological receptors at the individual level for threatened or endangered species and the population level for all others. OAR 340-122-0040 and 0115(3).	Chemical-specific: a risk-based numerical value that, when applied to site-specific conditions, will establish concentrations of hazardous substances that may remain or be managed on-site in a manner avoiding unacceptable risk.
	OAR 340-122-0040(4) and (b), 340-122- 0115(32)	For hot spots of contamination in water, requires treatment, if feasible, when treatment would be reasonably likely to restore or protect beneficial uses within a reasonable time.	Chemical-specific and action-specific: when contaminant concentrations fall within the definition of "hot spot" set forth in subpart 0115(32), treatment (including excavation and offsite disposal) of contaminated media to levels below such risk levels or beneficial-use impacts needs to be evaluated in the feasibility study
		For hot spots contamination of sediments, requires treatment or excavation and off-site disposal of hazardous substances if treatment is reasonably likely to restore or protect such beneficial uses within a reasonable time, .	
Hazardous Waste and Hazardous Materials II	ORS 466.005(7) OAR 340-102-0011 - Hazardous Waste Determination	Defines "Hazardous Waste" and the rule contains the criteria by which anyone generating residue must determine if that residue is a hazardous waste	Chemical- and Action-specific: specifies substantive requirements if remedial action will involve on-site treatment, disposal, or storage of RCRA-listed or characteristic hazardous waste. (Note: off-site treatment, storage, or disposal subject to all administrative and substantive state requirements.)

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
	,	Identifies additional residuals that are subject to regulation as hazardous waste under state law	Action-specific: specifies requirements if remedial action will involve on-site treatment, disposal, or storage of additional listed wastes.
Solid Waste: General Provisions	Specific regulatory	Substantive Requirements for the location, design, construction, operation, and closure of solid waste management facilities.	Action-specific: applicable if upland disposal facility contemplated on-site for solid, non-hazardous, waste disposal, handling, treatment, or transfer. (Note: off-site transfer, treatment, handling, or disposal subject to all administrative and substantive state requirements.)
		Requirements for the management of solid wastes at land disposal sites other than municipal solid waste landfills.	Action-specific: applicable to the on-site management and disposal of contaminated sediment, soil, and/or groundwater.
Water Pollution Control Act ORS 468B.048	Water Quality Standards OAR 340-041-0340, Table 20 and Table 33A	DEQ is authorized to administer and enforce CWA program in Oregon. DEQ rules designate beneficial uses for water bodies and narrative and numeric water quality criteria necessary to protect those uses. OAR 340-041-0340 designates and defines the beneficial uses that shall be protected in the Willamette Basin. For the purposes of state law, Table 20 are the applicable criteria, unless there is a corresponding criterion under Table 33A, in which case Table 33A is applicable. (Note: if Oregon promulgates new criteria prior to ROD, such new criteria will be ARAR).	activities that may result in discharges to waters of the state, such as, dredge and fill, de-watering sediments, and other remedial activities. Relevant and appropriate as performance standards for surface water quality and/or for long-term monitoring of protectiveness of caps and disposal

 ${\bf Table~1-ARARs~for~Remedial~Action~at~the~Portland~Harbor~Superfund~Site.}$

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
Water Pollution Control Act ORS 468B.048	Regulations Pertaining to NPDES Discharges Specific regulatory references to be supplied by ODEQ	Effluent limitations and management practices for point-source discharges into waters of the state (otherwise subject to NPDES permit but for on-site permit exemption).	Chemical- and Action-specific: applies state water quality standards and effluent limitations to point-source discharges to the Willamette River.
	Certification of Compliance with Water Quality Requirements and Standards ORS 468b.035	Provides that federally-approved activities that may result in a discharge to waters of the State requires evaluation whether an activity may proceed and meet water quality standards with conditions, which if met, will ensure that water quality standards are met.	Action-specific: Applicable to implementation of the remedial action (e.g., dredging, capping, and construction of confined disposal facility) that may result in a discharge to waters of the State.
·	Rules Governing the Issuance and Enforcement of Removal-Fill Authorizations within Waters of Oregon Including Wetlands OAR 141-085 0680, 141-085-0695, 141-085-0710, 141-085-0765	Substantive requirements for dredge and fill activities in waters of the state, including in designated Essential Indigenous Anadromous Salmonid Habitat.	Action-specific: Applicable to remedial action dredge and fill activities, capping, and riverbank remediation
ODFW Fish Management Plans for the Willamette River	OAR 635, div 500	Provides basis for in-water work windows in the Willamette River.	Action-specific. Potentially applicable to timing of implementation of the remedial action due to presence of protected species at the site.
Oregon Air Pollution Control ORS 468A <u>et</u> . <u>seq</u> .	General Emissions Standards OAR 340-226	DEQ is authorized to administer and enforce Clean Air program in Oregon. Rules provide general emission standards for fugitive emissions of air contaminants and require highest and best practicable treatment or control of such emissions.	Action-specific: applicable to remedial actions taking place in on-site uplands. Could apply to earth-moving equipment, dust from vehicle traffic, and mobile-source exhaust, among other things.

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
Oregon Air Pollution Control ORS 468A et. seq.	Fugitive Emission Requirements OAR 340-208	Prohibits any handling, transporting, or storage of materials, or use of a road, or any equipment to be operated, without taking reasonable precautions to prevent particulate matter from becoming airborne. These rules for "special control areas" or other areas where fugitive emissions may cause nuisance and control measures are practicable.	Action-specific: applicable to remedial actions taking place in on-site uplands. Could apply to earth-moving equipment, dust from vehicle traffic, and mobile-source exhaust, among other things.
Indian Graves and Protected Objects ORS 97.740-760		Prohibits willful removal of cairn, burial, human remains, funerary object, sacred object or object of cultural patrimony. Provides for reinterment of human remains or funerary objects under the supervision of the appropriate Indian tribe. Proposed excavation by a professional archeologist of a native Indian cairn or burial requires written notification to the State Historic Preservation Officer and prior written consent of the appropriate Indian tribe.	
		Prohibits persons from excavating, injuring, destroying or damaging archeological sites or objects on public or private lands unless authorized	
Archeological Objects and Sites ORS 358.905-955 ORS 390.235		Imposes conditions for excavation or removal of archeological or historical materials.	Location-specific; action-specific. Potentially relevant and appropriate if archeological material encountered.
	Survival Guidelines OAR 635-100-0135	Survival Guidelines are rules for state agency actions affecting species listed under Oregon's Threatened or Endangered Wildlife Species law.	Action-and location specific: Substantive requirements of Survival Guidelines relevant and appropriate to remedial activities affecting state-listed species.

Table 1 - ARARs for Remedial Action at the Portland Harbor Superfund Site.

Regulation	Citation	Criterion/Standard	Applicability/Appropriateness
Guidance for Assessing Bioaccumulative Chemicals of Concern in Sediment DEQ, 2007		,	To be Considered: in level of cleanup or standard of control that is protective.